







RENDERING OF PROPOSED ADDITION

## Hennepin County South Suburban Courts at Bloomington

HC Project No. 1003286 - Southdale Courts Relocation

Pre-DRC Submittal April 27, 2017



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#### INTRODUCTION

The 4th Judicial District is the state's largest trial court, handling approximately 800,000 cases annually, while serving only Hennepin County — with Minneapolis as its largest city. District Court's criminal division handles cases at the Hennepin County Government Center (Division-1), Hennepin County Public Safety Facility (Division-1), and three suburban facilities located in Brooklyn Center (Brookdale/Division-2), Minnetonka (Ridgedale/Division-3), and Edina (Southdale/Division-4).

Following a facility alternatives study for the 4th Judicial District by Hennepin County in 2012, alternative operations for Southdale/Division-4 were sought. After considering the redistribution of Division-4 caseload into the other three Divisions, the concept of relocating Division-4 in its entirety to the site of Bloomington Civic Plaza was pursued. A feasibility study in 2014 determined that enough vacant space did not exist within the existing Civic Plaza facility, but that the collocation of both the Bloomington Police Department's existing holding facility and the 4th Judicial District court operations would prove beneficial to many court participants. The concept of a building addition to the southwest of the existing Police Department at the Civic Plaza was deemed feasible.

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed facility addition to the existing City of Bloomington Civic Plaza will be a two story structure located off the southwest end of the existing facility. This places the addition directly adjacent to the Bloomington Police Department's secure holding facility.

The two story, new addition will house operations for the 4th Judicial District's Division-4 on the second floor with two courtrooms and related chambers spaces, a court administration office space and public service counter, public defender office space, community corrections office space, flexible conference rooms to be used by court participants, and two public waiting spaces. A secure holding area operated by the Sheriff's Office Courts Division will house in-custody defendants and be the base of courthouse security for the Sheriff's Office.

The first floor of the new addition will include the main public entry to the courts. The entry will face west towards the Court's public parking lot. The north end of the first floor will include the weapon screening checkpoint and its supporting spaces as well as public toilets and vertical circulation to the second level. A major portion of the remainder of the first floor is dedicated to vehicular circulation. A portion of the facility's first floor is dedicated to maintaining the existing ramped access to the Bloomington Police Department's lower level garage. Another major portion is allocated to allowing law enforcement vehicles continued access into the existing police vehicle sallyport. This drive area will not only maintain the Bloomington Police access into their sallyport, but become the access point for Sheriff's Office transport vehicles and other law enforcement agencies to deliver in-custody defendants to court. In addition, the enclosed secure space is a means for Bloomington Police to escort their in-custodies to court. This connection between courts and police holding facilities allows each to serve as a back-up and excess capacity for the other.

#### SITE PARKING STUDY

Planning for relocating the Southdale courts operations to Bloomington Civic Plaza included an evaluation of additional parking requirements. In the fall of 2014, Bloomington Public Works undertook a review of existing parking supply and parking demand at Bloomington Civic Plaza to determine if there would be an adequate parking supply to support the additional demand that would be created by a suburban court addition to Civic Plaza.

This study concluded there are adequate on-site parking spaces for the suburban court addition except for days when special events are being held at the Bloomington Art Center. They noted that there are 10-15 daytime, work week uses of the Bloomington Art Center annually that use up all or most of the currently available extra parking spaces. The study concluded by noting a series of action considerations should additional uses be added to the existing uses at Bloomington Civic Plaza, including providing off-site parking and shuttle service to accommodate those daytime, work week, special event uses of Civic Plaza.

A subsequent parking study reviewing more detailed information about Courts needs was completed for the project during the Schematic Design phase by Alliant Engineering. This study reached similar conclusions and identified similar parking management strategies to work successfully within existing parking resources.

Key parking management actions concluded in subsequent discussions with the City included increasing available public parking resources by re-purposing the use of certain available parking areas, by reducing peak demand by coordinating Civic Plaza special events and Court calendar scheduling, and by utilizing off-site parking lots for when needed.

# DESIGN SOLUTION OVERVIEW

Among the primary goals for the architectural design for the new Suburban Courts Facility are to:

- 1. Provide suitable facilities for both present and future Court operations.
- 2. Provide clarity and identity for District Court's presence at Civic Plaza.
- 3. Harmonize District Court addition's visual character with Civic Plaza architecture.
- 4. Minimize disruption of Civic Plaza and City operations both during construction and long term.
- 5. Provide a model for Courts for future decades without losing the traditional feeling of courts.
- 6. Provide adequate parking for all anticipated needs.

Through a combination of building plan layout, massing, material explorations and facade design, the architectural design for the South Suburban Courts facility presents an appropriate and well-considered solution.

# MASSING AND BUILDING VOLUMES

The massing of the new addition is organized as a copper and glass mass floating above and intersecting masonry plinths. While the materiality of the addition draws from the material application of the Civic Plaza, the massing reflects the character of the existing Civic Plaza architecture while maintaining a clear identity for the District Court functions. Specific elements include:

- The second story volume is a simple form clad in copper shingles to reflect Civic Plaza's architectural language. Like the Civic Plaza, large expanses of glass are set into the copper facade, complete with metal infill panels to mitigate daylight. This mass contains the primary court functions, including both Courtrooms, Sheriff's Holding, Court Administration, Community Corrects, and Public Defender. Public Waiting to the southwest, Court Administration to the north, and Community Corrections and Public Defender to the south are located along the glazed facade to maximize access to daylight and view while the Courtrooms and Holding are positioned adjacent to the existing City Police offices to preserve secure entrances and secure vertical circulation.
- The public portion of the main level is an erroded limestone mass, supporting the
  copper mass of the upper level as well as the wood colonnade. The public entry is
  located at the northwest corner of the main level to provide direct visual connection
  to the main public parking lots and is connected to District Court via the glass
  circulation tower within the wood colonnade.
- The secure portion of the main level is expressed as a masonry plinth, clad in the same brick as on the Civic Plaza, and maintains the existing City Police sallyport to preserve all current functionality. A secure elevator and stair tower allows access from the sallyport directly into the Sheriff's Holding Area on the second story.



## EXTERIOR SYSTEM & FINISHES

### **Wall and Roof Structure and Systems**

Exterior walls, excepting CMU walls at the sallyport and glass curtainwall cladding on both levels, will be comprised of non-load bearing steel studs. The roof structure of the sallyport will be precast concrete double tees, while the upper level roof structure will be metal deck over steel beams and joists. The propsed roof system is ballasted.

### **Exterior Finishes**

Following the architectural language of the Civic Plaza, the Courts Addition proposes masonry cladding on the main level and prepatinated copper cladding on the upper level. Also similar to the existing building is the use of smooth limestone at the entry. The materials applied to the addition will provide visual continuity with the adjacent Civic Plaza while the proposed massing will give the Courts an identity separate from the existing functions on site.



# THE ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN

The architectural design is based on the aforementioned observations, criteria, and strategies. Though many factors affect the architectural approach, the resulting design is straightforward both in form and spatial arrangement. The addition pays homage to the Civic Plaza through use of material while the massing of the addition distinguishes the Courts as its own entity. Balancing the charge of designing an addition that harmonizes with the existing campus, provides clarity and identity for the Court's presence at the Civic Plaza, maximizes access to daylight and views for the public, and maintains the security necessary for the Court operations creates a dynamic design that will represent the crucial programmatic elements contained within this important facility.